

ILL works on model membranes

towards natural systems

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1st JRA Meeting

“Advanced Neutron Tools for Soft and Biomaterials”

7th December 2012

Garching - D

Outline

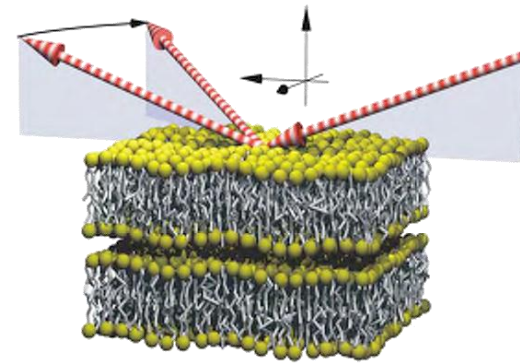
- Introduction
- Model systems
 - Bilayer compositional asymmetry
 - Lipid Flip-Flop
 - Cholesterol distribution
- Fully deuterated natural lipid membranes
 - Multilamellar organization by diffraction
 - Bilayer structure by NR
- Future work

Introduction

- Aim of the work
 - Moving from simple systems to complex or natural ones
- Tests required
 - different lipid mixtures
 - different deposition techniques
 - *Langmuir Blodgett-Schaefer, vesicles spreading, solvent exchange*
 - polymeric and lipid cushions

Neutron Reflectometry

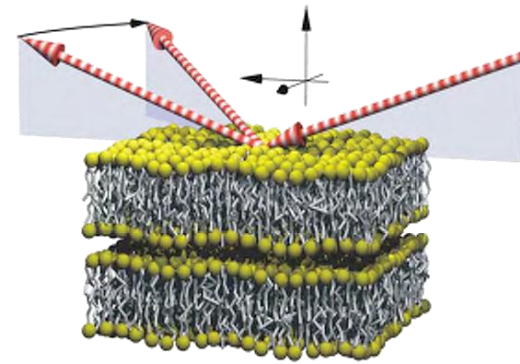
- Information derived :



Salditt et al. Langmuir 19, 2003, 7703

Neutron Reflectometry

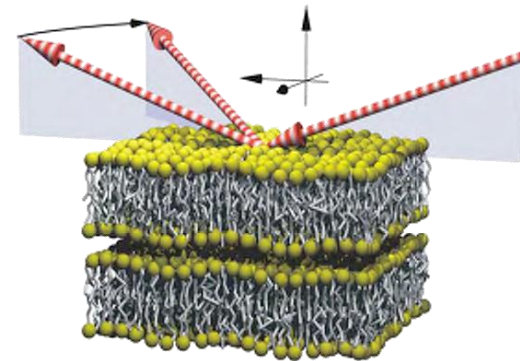
- Information derived :
 - **Profile** of the **structure** along the normal of the bilayer



Salditt et al. Langmuir 19, 2003, 7703

Neutron Reflectometry

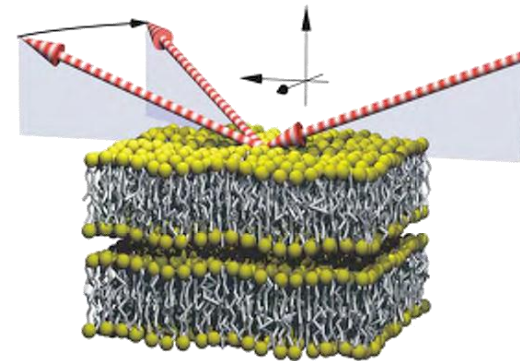
- Information derived :
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 - **Water penetration**



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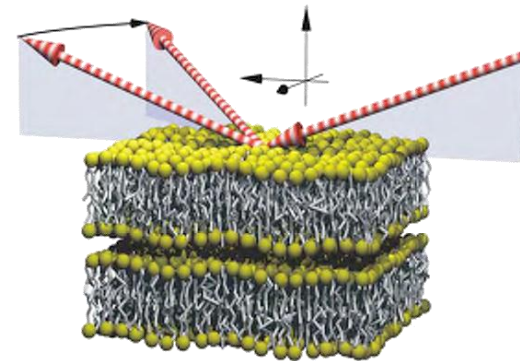
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 - **Profile** of the **structure** along the normal of the bilayer
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 - Different **composition** of the **leaflets**
 - migration of material, flip-flop
 - inclusion of peptides, drugs etc...



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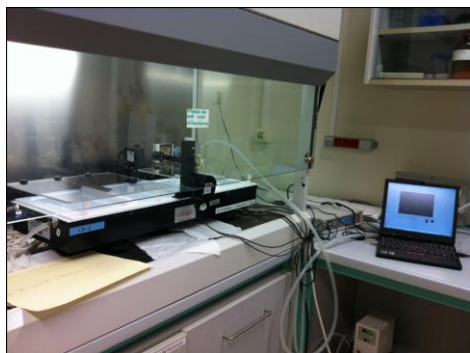
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 - **Profile** of the **structure** along the normal of the bilayer
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 - migration of material, flip-flop
 - inclusion of peptides, drugs etc...
 - **Modifications** induced by interactions
 - Holes, channels, pores ...



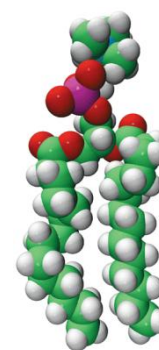
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Lipid Flip-Flop

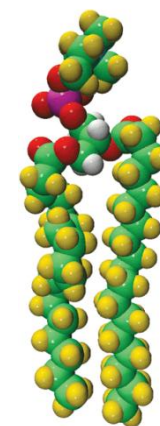
Langmuir Blodgett - Langmuir Schaefer techniques



Partnership for soft condensed matter, ILL, Grenoble



14:0PC DMPC

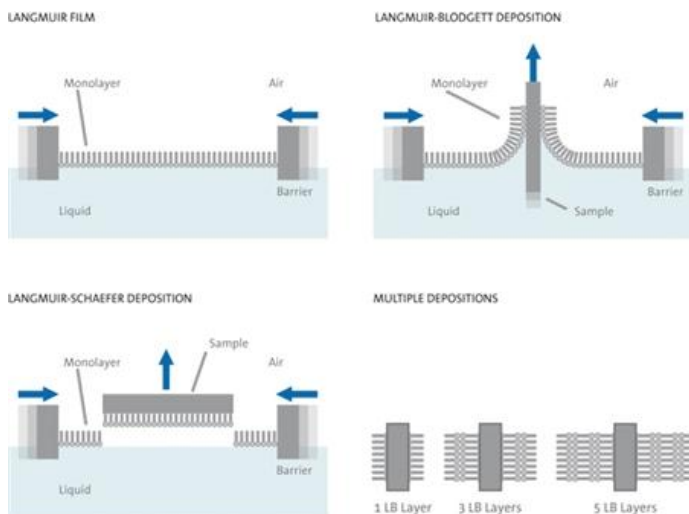


From Avanti Polar Lipids

18:0PC DSPC-d83

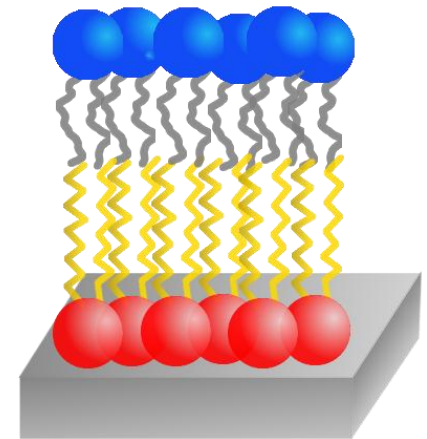
Starting depositions 14°C 40 mN/m lateral pressure

- **Symmetric**
 - 1:1 DSPC:DMPC in both leaflet
- **Asymmetric**
 - DSPC by LB (inner)
 - DMPC by LS (outer)



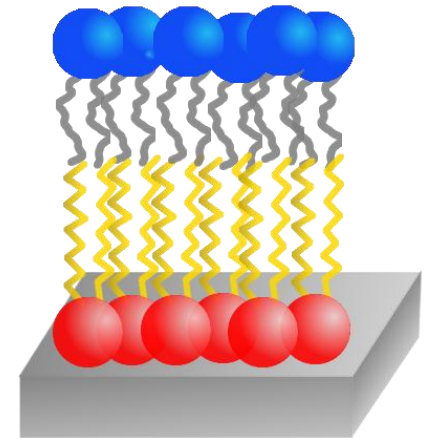
From NIMA

Measurements



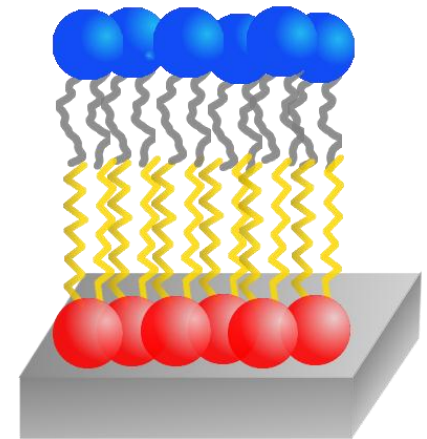
Measurements

- Laminar flow cells



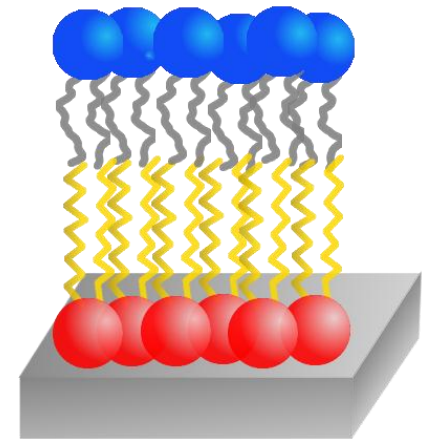
Measurements

- Laminar flow cells
- Mono-crystalline Silicon as solid support



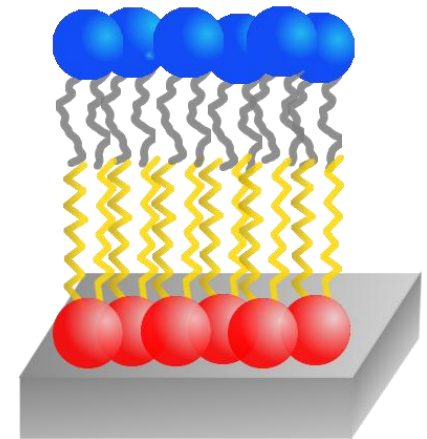
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- Laminar flow cells
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- 3 different solvents for contrast variation
 - D₂O, H₂O and 34:66 HDO



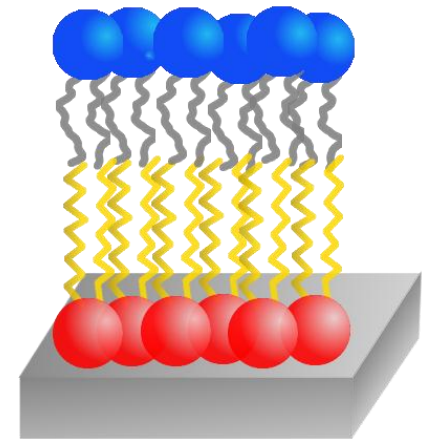
Measurements

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- 2 reflectometers
 - D17 and FIGARO @ILL

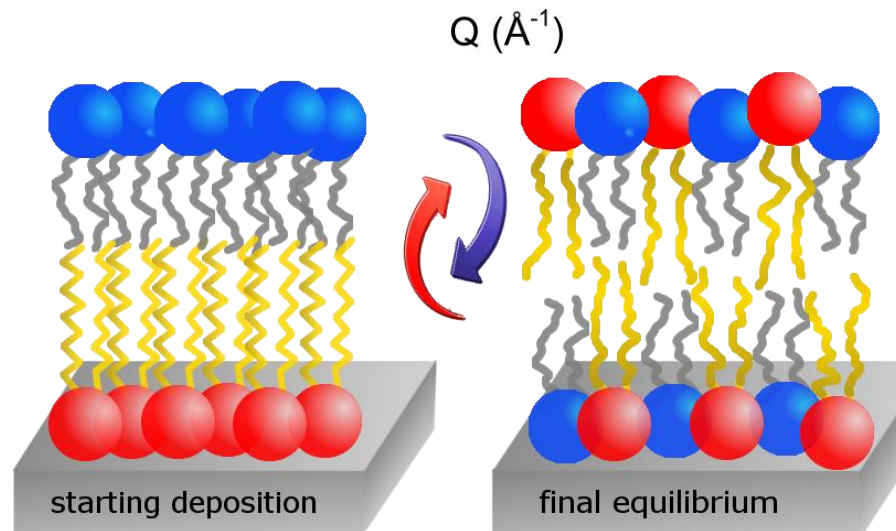
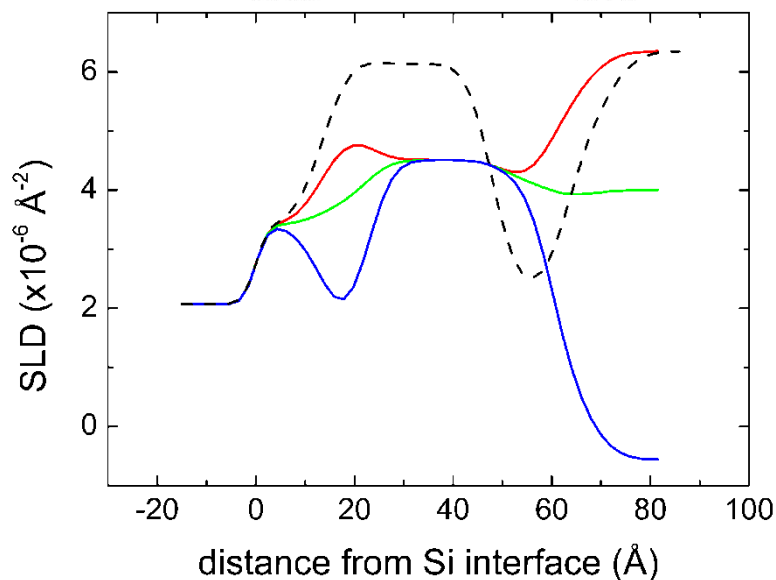
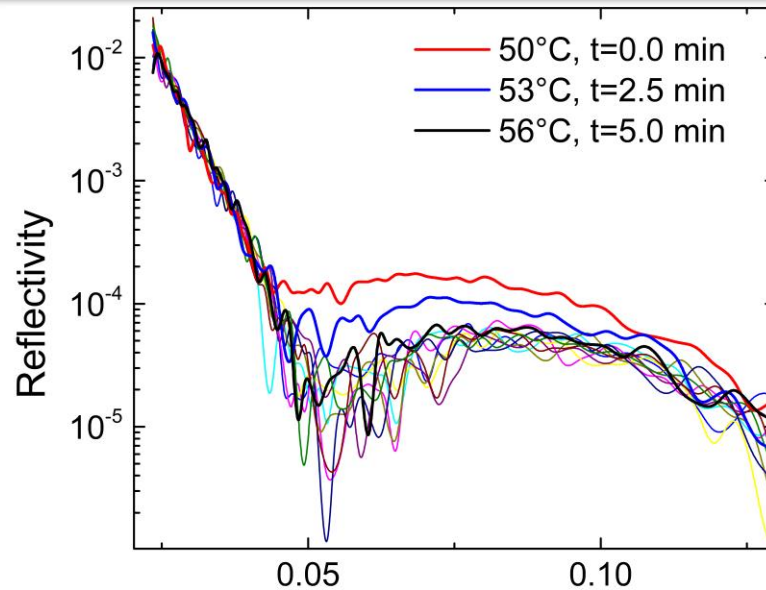
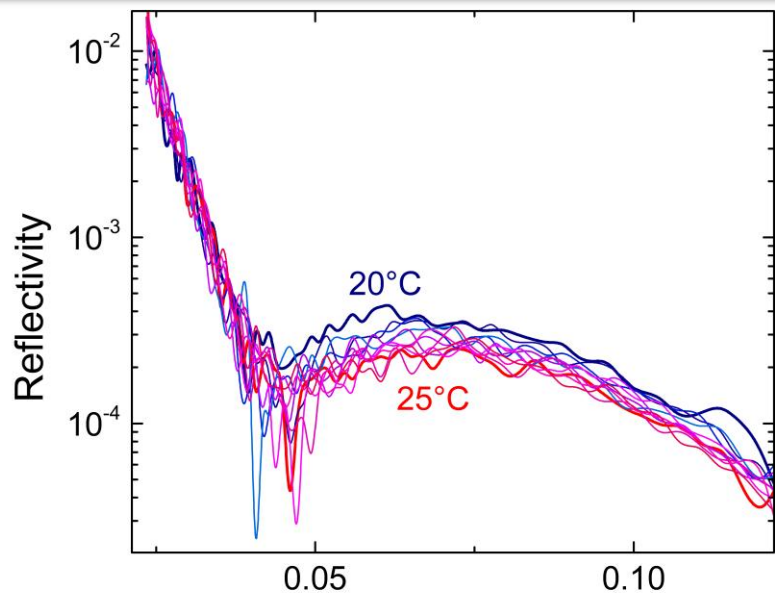


Measurements

- Laminar flow cells
- Mono-crystalline Silicon as solid support
- 3 different solvents for contrast variation
 - D2O, H2O and 34:66 HDO
- 2 reflectometers
 - D17 and FIGARO @ILL
- Thermal cycle 14°C → 60°C → 14°C
 - T_m DSPC-d13 52.5°C
 - T_m DSPC-d83 50.5°C
 - T_m DMPC 23.5°C



Results



Natural Membranes: *Pichia Pastoris*

A. de Ghellinck ILL – M. Sferrazza ULB – H. Wacklin ESS – V. Laux Dlab – J. Johuet CEA – G. Fragneto, ILL

Yeast cells grown in a deuterated medium (D-lab)

Lipids extracted with Folch method

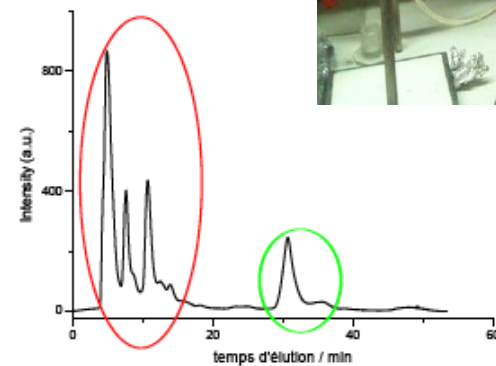
Phospholipids separated by 2D TLC

Lipids separation (HPLC):

Apolar lipids (chloroform-acetic acid)

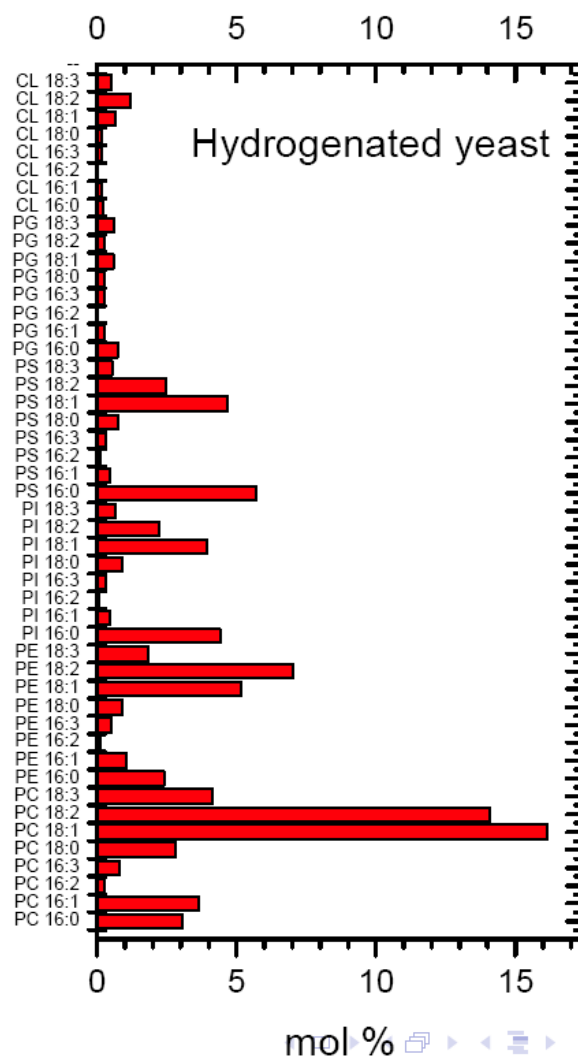
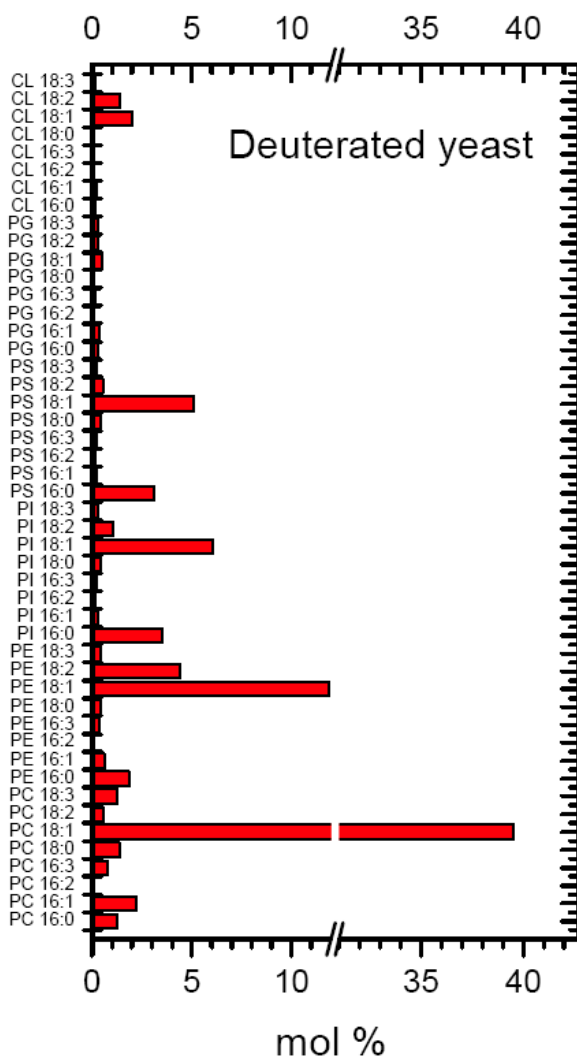
Polar lipids (methanol)

Separation of sterols from apolar



Courtesy of G. Fragneto and A. de Ghellinck

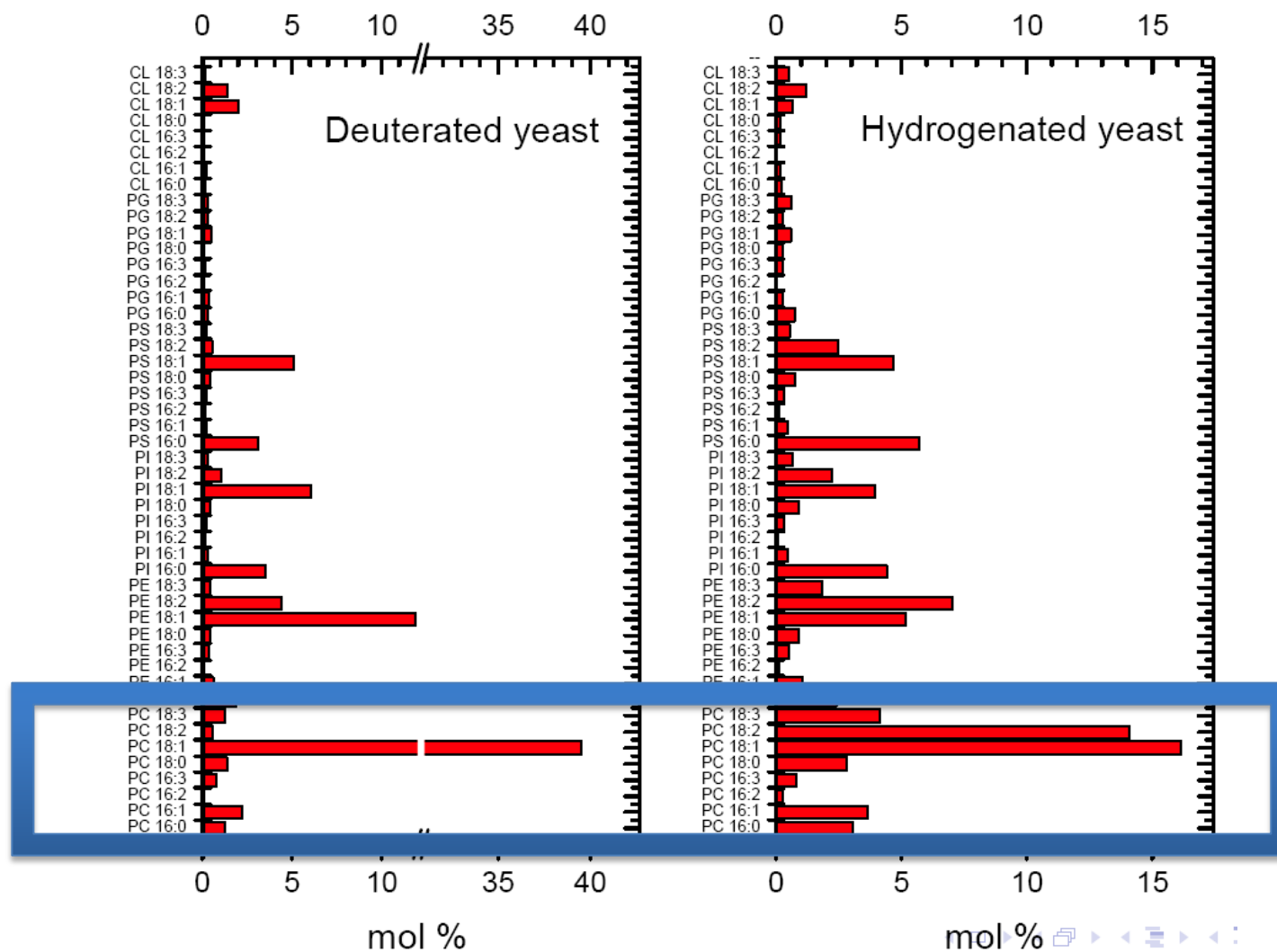
Lipid composition



PC

mol % Courtesy of G. Fragneto and A. de Ghellinck

Lipid composition

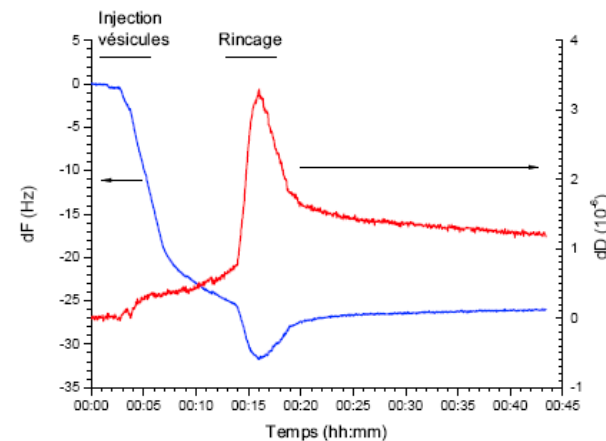
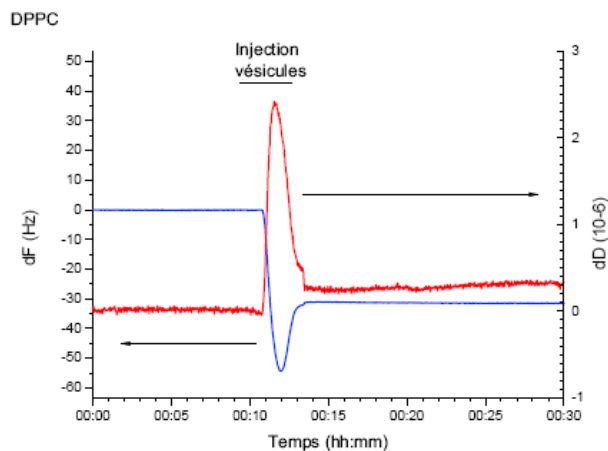
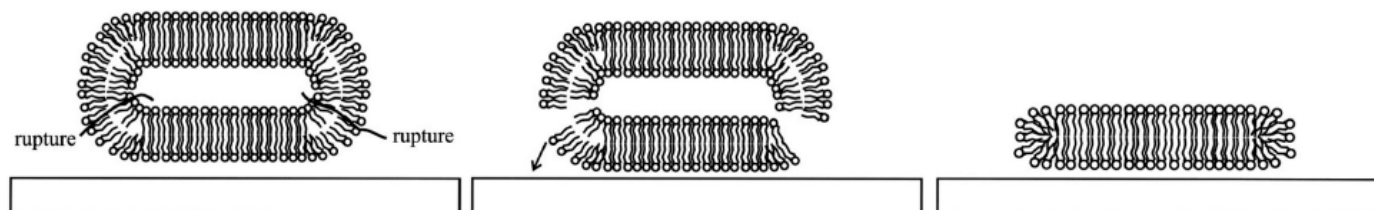


PC

Courtesy of G. Fragneto and A. de Ghellinck

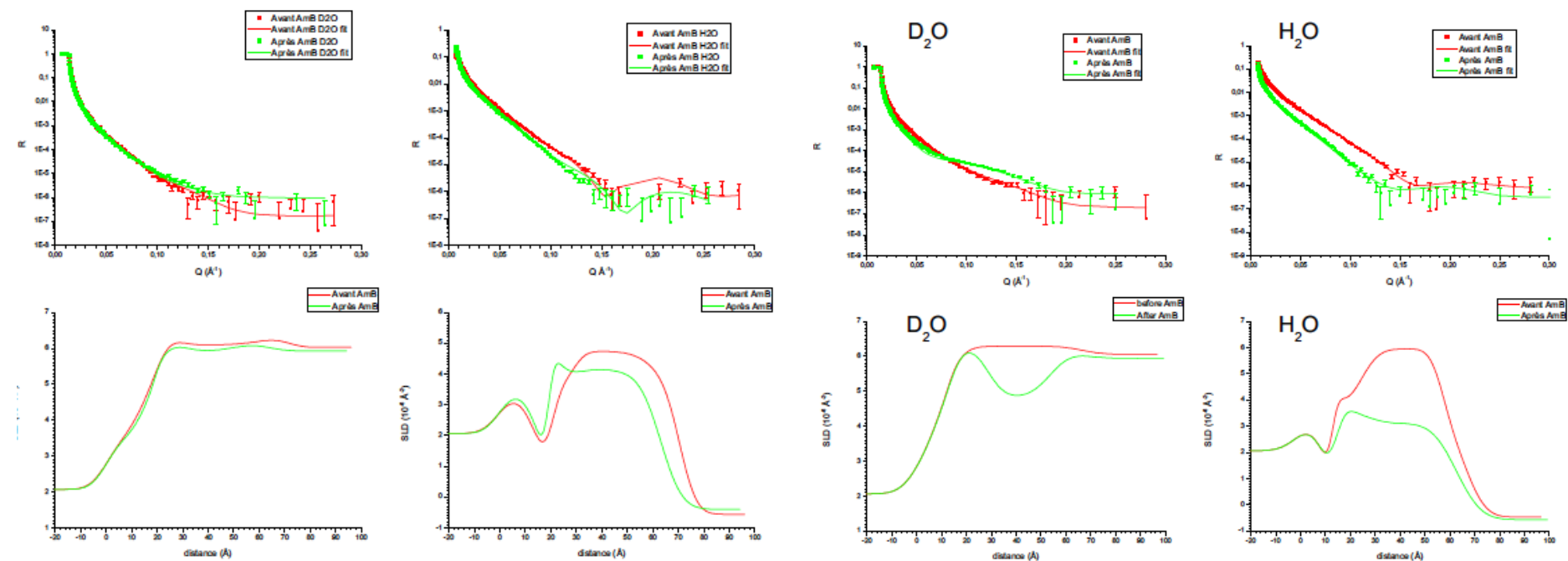
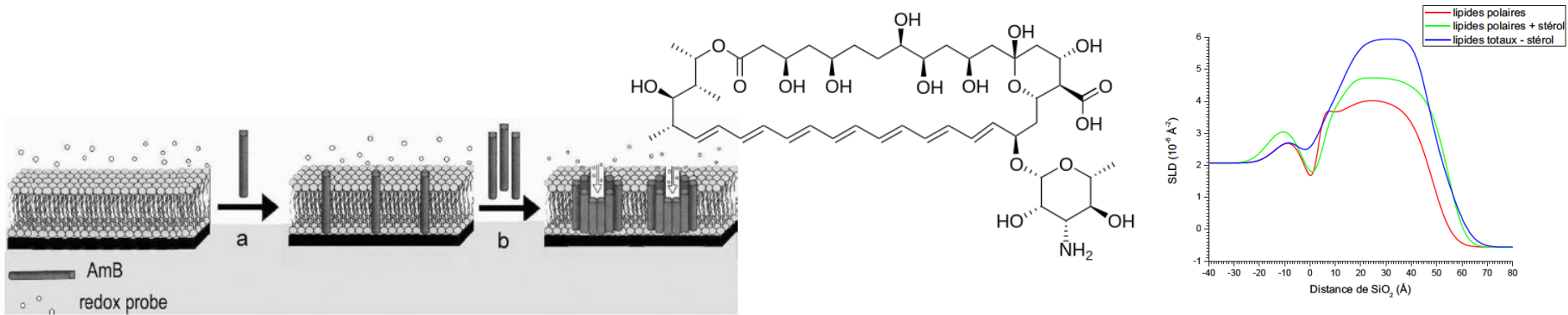
Deposition Method

Unilamellar vesicles prepared by sonication forms spontaneously a supported planar bilayer

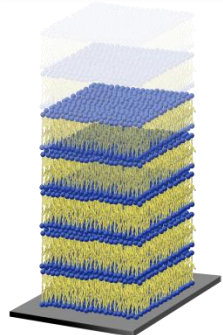


Courtesy of A. de Ghellinck

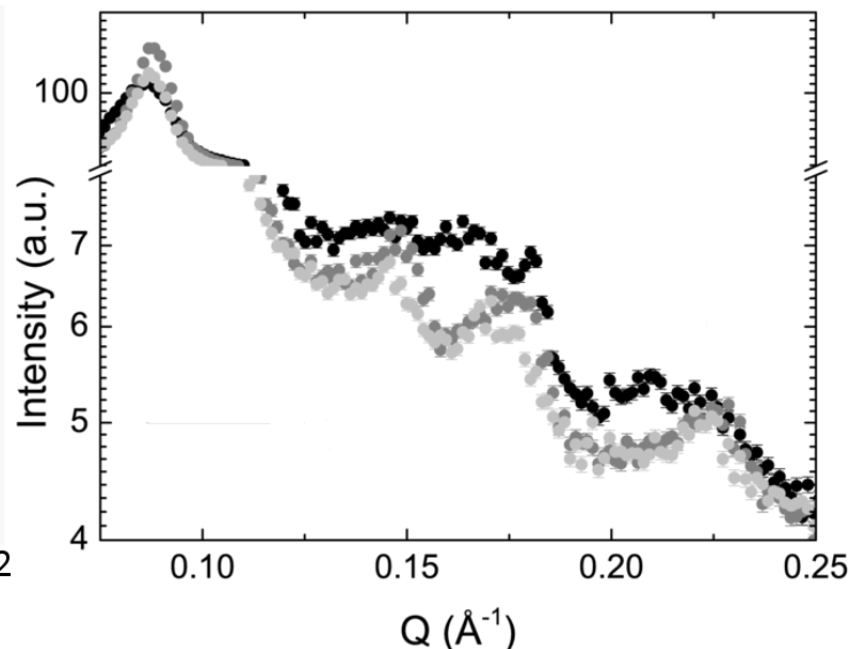
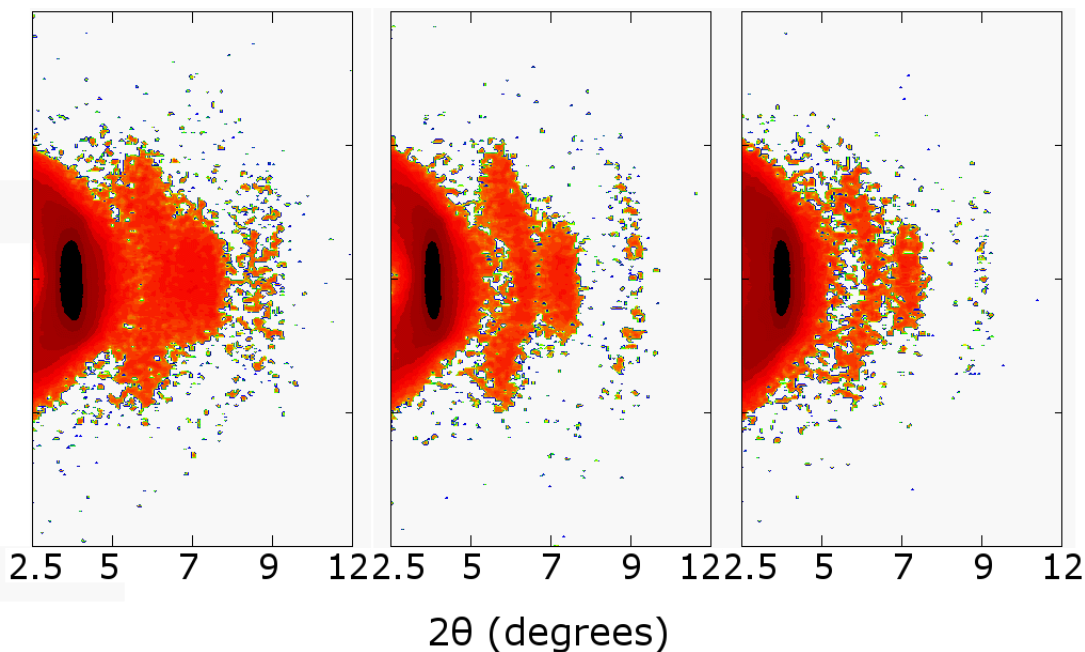
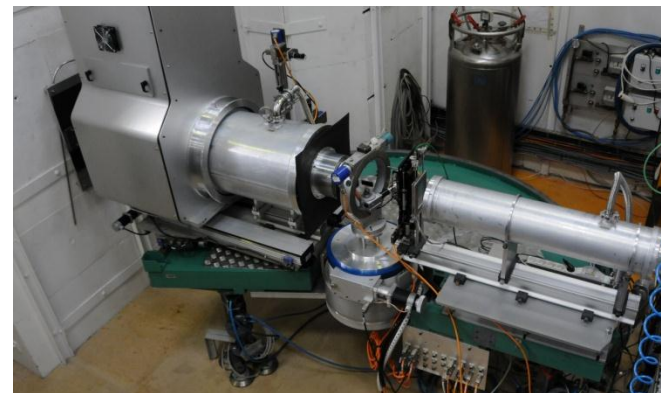
Interaction with amphotericin



Neutron diffraction on *P. Pastoris*

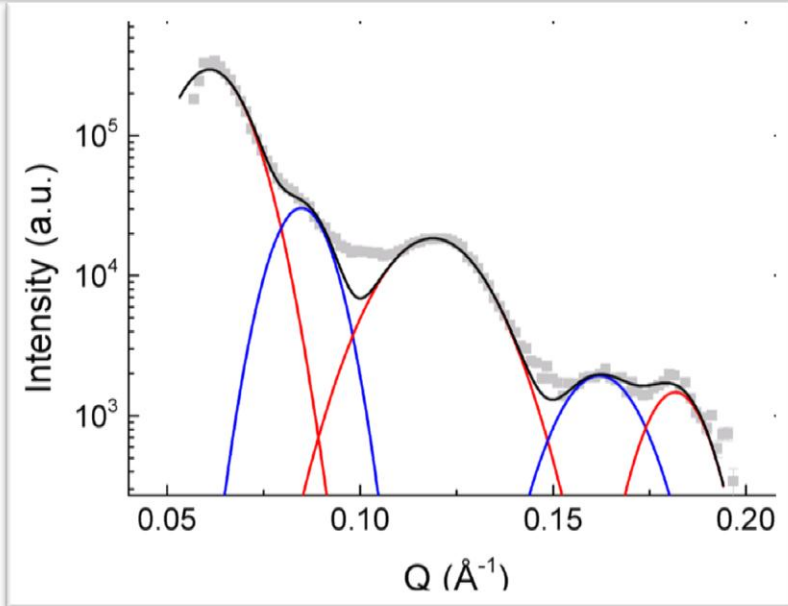


$$r.h. = 100p(T_w)/p(T_s)$$

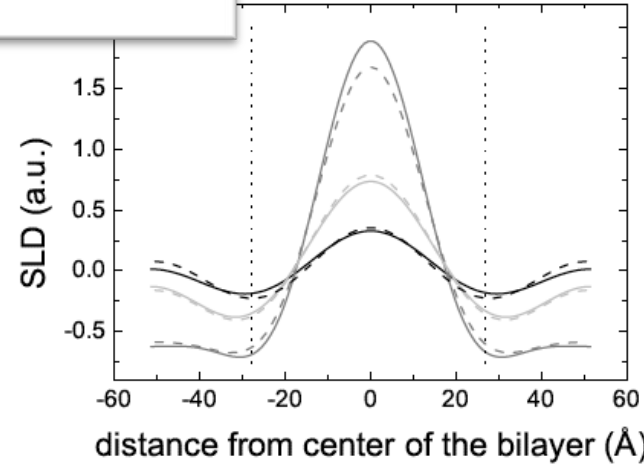


Courtesy of G. Fragneto

Neutron diffraction on *P. Pastoris*



$$\rho(z) = \frac{2}{d} \sum_{h=1}^N F(h) \cos\left(\frac{2\pi hz}{d}\right)$$



PC	46.8%	16:0	9%
PE	19.9%	18:0	5%
PG ⁻	1.7%	16:1	1%
PI ⁻	12%	18:1	61%
PS ⁻	9.8%	18:2	7%
CL ⁻	4.2%		

	HRH		LRH	
	d_a (Å)	d_b (Å)	d_a (Å)	d_b (Å)
18°C	105 ± 2	76 ± 3	90 ± 10	72 ± 5
30°C	105 ± 2	76 ± 3	86 ± 5	73 ± 2
60°C	104 ± 2	—	82 ± 6	74 ± 2

Few peaks = disordered system

Two d-spacings due to heterogeneity of sample

Large d-spacing due to large presence of negatively charged lipids

Courtesy of G. Fragneto

Future work

- Better understanding of flip-flop processes in charged bilayers, in presence of third agents (cholesterol and proteins) and in more complex systems
- Development of defects-free deposition methods (solvent exchange)
- Comparison between different types of cushions, from polymer to cross-linked molecules, highly compatible with many lipid species

Acknowledgements

Main contributors

Alexis De Ghellinck, Giovanna Fragneto

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Thank for your attention !!!