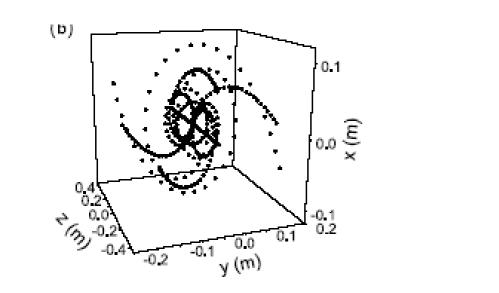
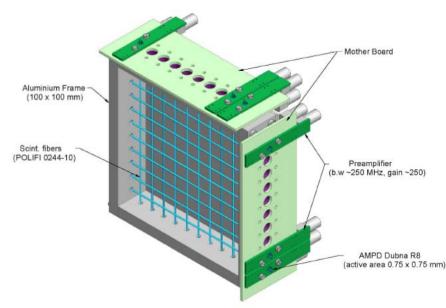


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Philip King, ISIS Muon Facility





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Summary of Muon JRA in FP6

Partners:

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- University of Parma, Italy (Co-ordinator)
- ISIS Pulsed Muon Facility, UK

- PSI Continuous Muon Facility, Switzerland
- University of Oxford, UK

Work Packages

- WP1: Detector development (PSI responsible)
- WP2: Development of instrument simulation (Oxford responsible)
- WP3: Advanced muon technique development (ISIS responsible)
- WP4: Management and dissemination (Parma responsible)

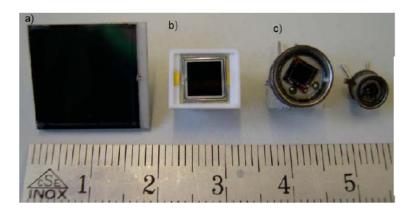
WP1: Detectors

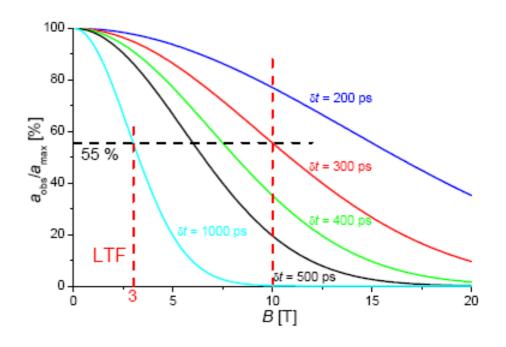
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(post-doctoral worker employed)

For high transverse fields

- Need timing resolution < 300 ps</p>
- Small array, close to sample
- Need to be very field-insensitive
- → Test avalanche photo-diodes





<u>Figure 2</u>. Examples of some state-of-the-art APDs: a) RMD S1315 (13 x 13 mm²); b) Hamamatsu S8148 (5 x 5 mm²); c) Dubna R8 AMPDs (2.75 x 2.75 mm² and 0.75 x 0.75 mm²).

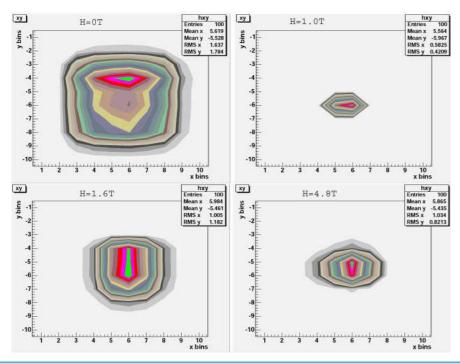
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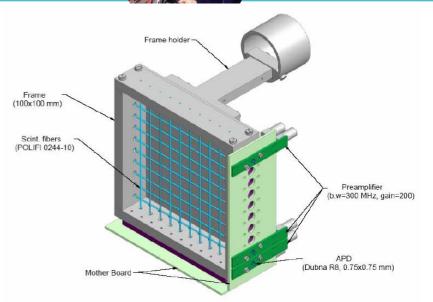
- Development of position-sensitive beam profile monitor
 - Importance: beam tuning in high fields

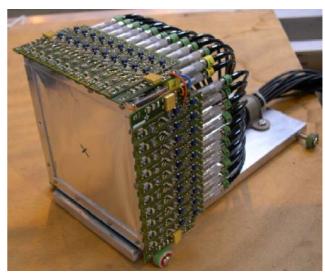
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• Importance: demonstration of field insensitivity of APDs







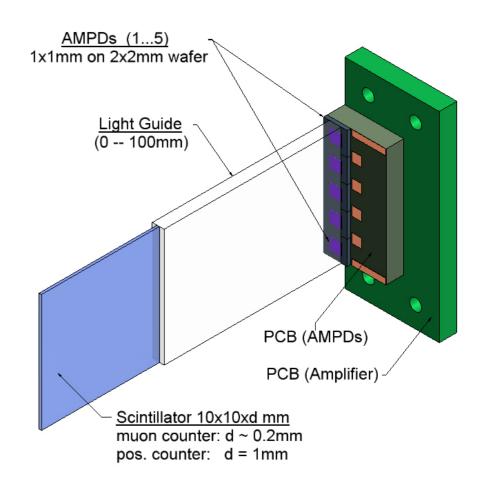
An AMPD scintillation detector

Use of an array of AMPDs

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- Field-insensitive
- Compact, robust
- Fast-timing

Importance: demonstration of technology feasibility for detector array

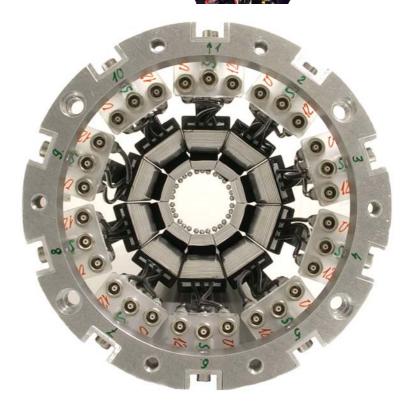


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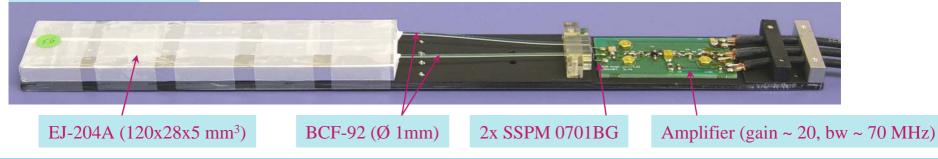
PSI instrument detector array being replaced by one based on APDs!

 1m long construction to be inserted into the warm bore of a 5 Tesla superconducting solenoid.

Importance: First muon instrument ever to not use photomultiplier tubes.



Positron counter

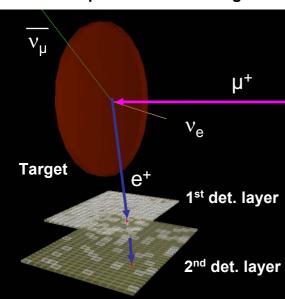


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08/07/2008

R&D on e⁺ position-sensitive detectors (silicon and/or scintillating fibres):

- Particle origin reconstruction Importance: improved S/N ratio
- Fine detector segmentation
 Importance: avoid pile-up effects



PSD performance testing

PS detector holder (light-tight & cooled)



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New data acquisition control system (Etrax – Altera Cyclone FPGA)

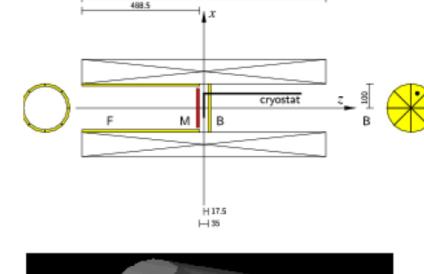


Solid-state Si pixel detector (adapted from HERA H1 CST)

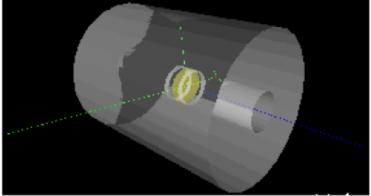
WP2: Instrument simulation

(Post-doctoral worker employed)

- Assessment of simulation platforms (GEANT4 chosen)
- Incoming muon beam and outgoing positrons simulated
- Variable detector and applied field geometries
- Experimental code testing
- Existing spectrometers simulated
- Extremely important for designs of new instruments



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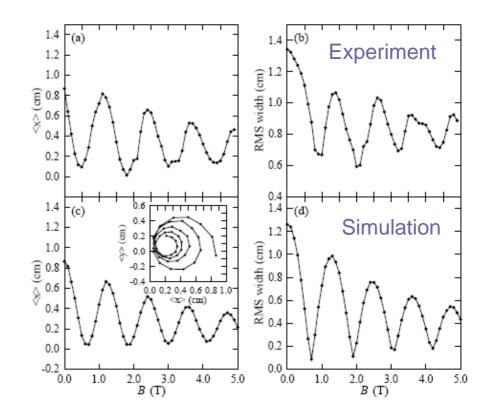


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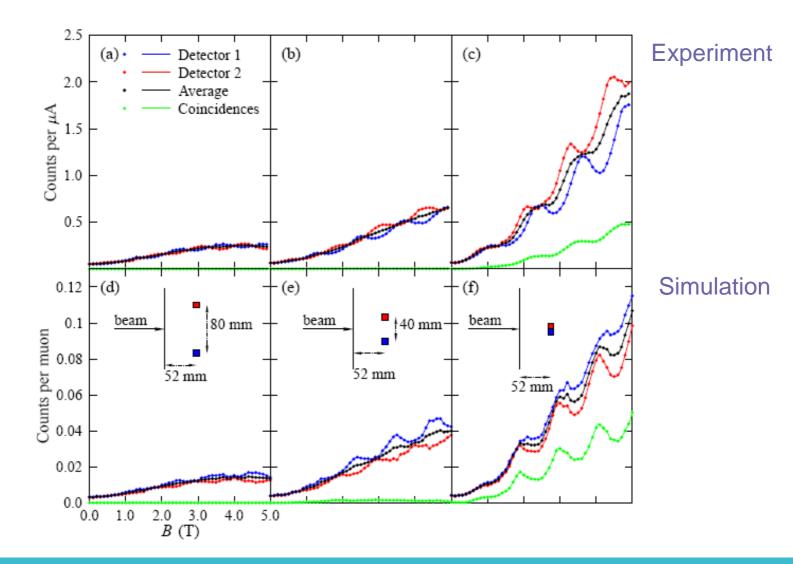


Code testing

- Beamtime at PSI
- Effects on incoming muons (using beam profile monitor!)
- Effects on outgoing positrons (using 2-element movable array)
- Allowed testing of principles for a real high-field detector array
- Importance: code can model
 incoming muons and outgoing
 positrons → real instrument
 design







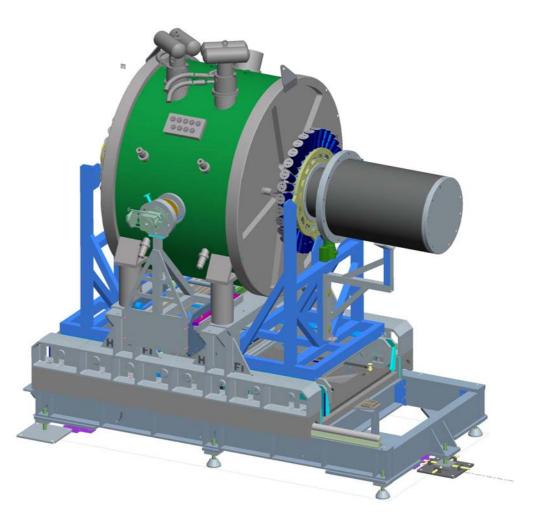
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Building a real instrument!

• High field instrument at ISIS

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- Fields up to 5T
- Being built at present
- Due for operation late 2008
- High field instrument at PSIPresently being designed



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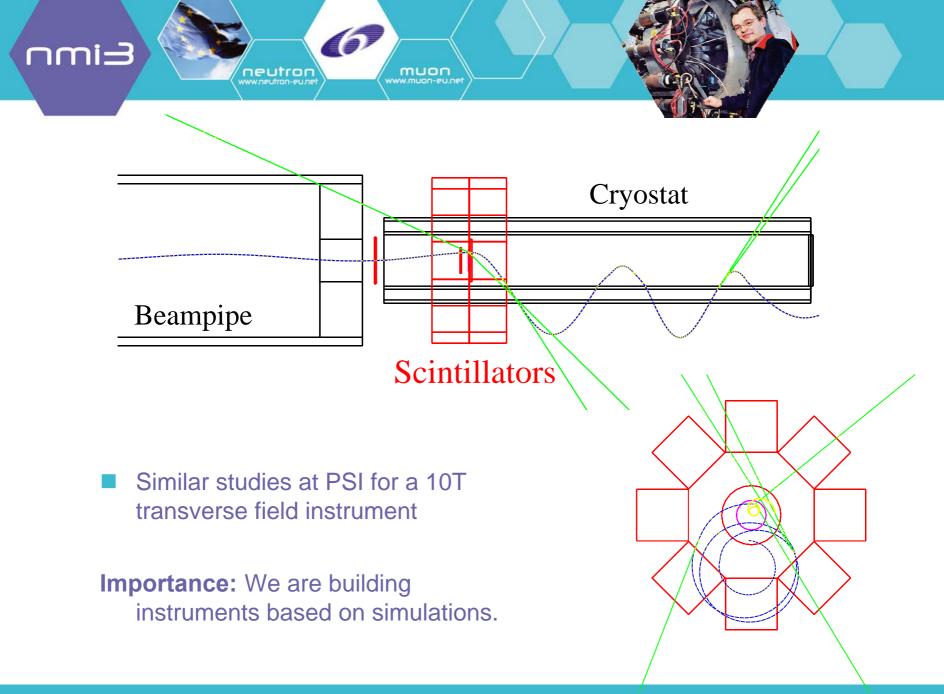
Code used for

 Modelling a variety of detector geometries

- Calculations of solid angle, counts per segment, double counts
- Detector positions, angles, no. segments, etc. varied
- Performance as a function of field
- Also modelling of incoming beam, effects of field on quadrupole performance

From GEANT . . .

- ... to design drawings ...
 - ... to construction



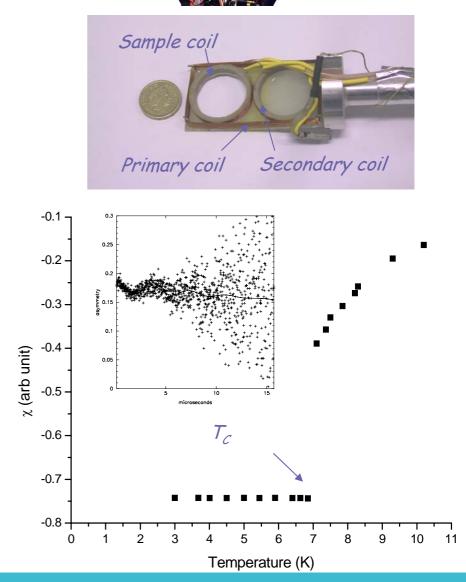
WP3: Advanced Techniques

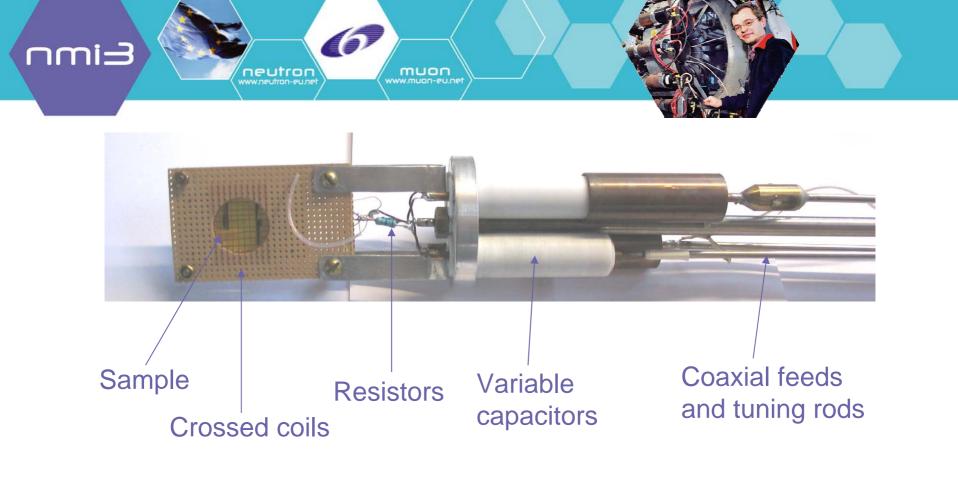
 Simultaneous AC-susceptibility measurements

- RF-µSR development:
- Microwave µSR demonstration

AC susceptibility

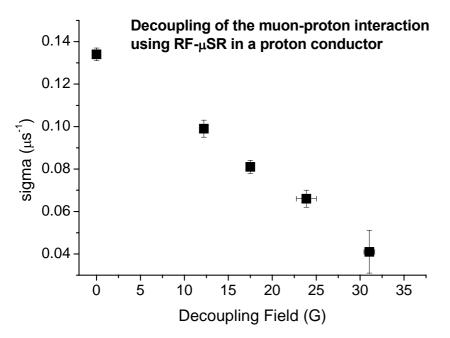
- Simultaneous measurements now possible
- Figures show initial results superconducting transition in lead
- Importance: Apparatus now available to user community

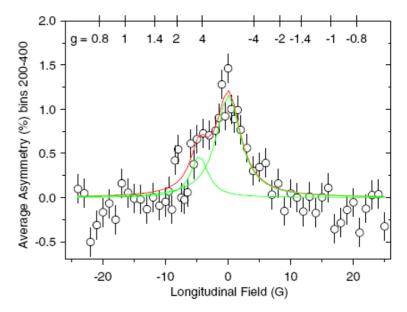




- RF µSR development
 - Multi-pulse excitation
 - Decoupling
 - Circularly polarised RF

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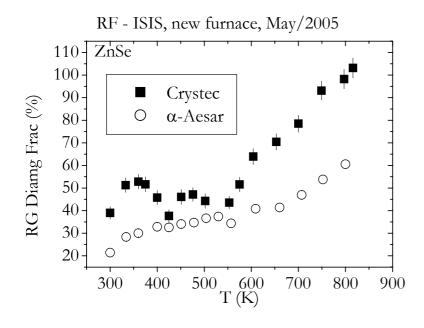




- RF decoupling
 Importance: Proton site information in proton condition
 - information in proton conductor $Zr(H_2PO_4)(PO_4).2H_2O$

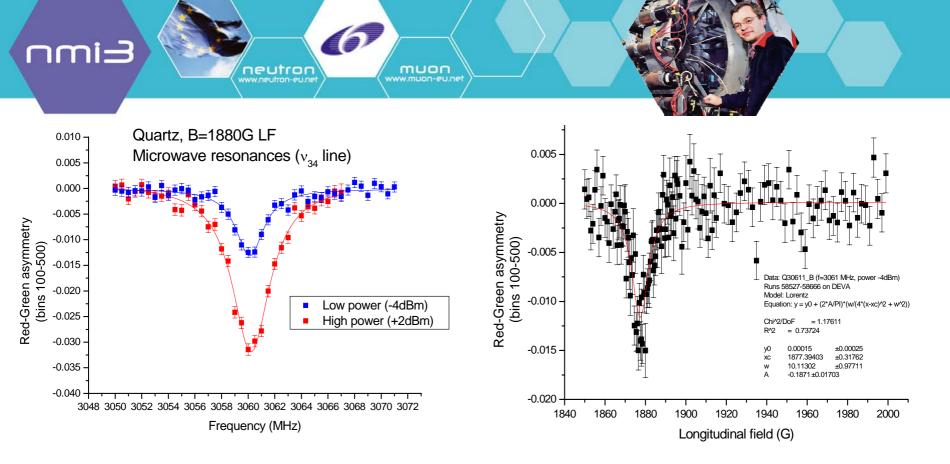
- Fig. 4. Resonant repolarisation of the shallow donor state in CdS.
 - Circularly polarised RF
 - Importance: Used for measurement of shallow donor H states in semiconductors





RF µSR development

- Development of 1500K reflector furnace for RF
- RF on small samples
- RF on liquid and gaseous samples
- Importance: techniques in demand by user community



- Microwave µSR development
 - Extending frequencies into GHz region
 - Applications in muonium studies including semiconductors
 - Successful demonstration experiment
 - Importance: extends pulsed technique range for semiconductors, etc

Publications from the Muon JRA (19 + reports)

A scintillating fiber detector for muon beam profile measurements in high magnetic fields A Stoykov et al., Nucl. Inst. Meth. A 550 (2006) 212

- Study of avalanche microchannel photodiodes for use in a scintillating fiber muon beam profile monitor A Stoykov et al., Nucl. Inst. Meth. A (2006)
- Study of avalanche microchannel photodiodes for use in scintillation detectors I Britvitch et al., IOP -Journal of Instrumentation 1 (2006) P08002
- Position-sensitive detectors for muon spectroscopy: design goals, constraints and perspectives T Shiroka et al., Physica B 374 (2006) 494
- Simulations of the μSR experiment T Lancaster et al., Physica B 374 (2006) 480
- Magnetic field effects on particle trajectories in the µSR experiment: towards a high-field spectrometer T Lancaster et al., Nucl. Inst. Meth. A 580 (2007) 1578
- Thin window cell for gas-phase studies by radiofrequency muon spin resonance C Johnson et al., J. Phys. B 38 (2005) 119-134
- Muon spin relaxation study of Zr(H₂PO₄)(PO₄)₂H₂O NJ Clayden et al., Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys., 8 (2006) 3094
- Muonium g-sign determination with circularly polarised RF fields JS Lord et al., Physica B 374 (2006) 475

Exploring the performance of µSR position-sensitive detectors through numerical simulations T Shiroka et al, Nucl. Inst. Meth. A 591 (2008) 306 Development of scintillation detectors based on avalanche microchannel photodiodes I Britvitch et al, Nucl. Inst. Meth. A 571 (2007) 317 Scintillation detectors for operation in high magnetic fields: Recent developments based on arrays of avalanche microchannel photodiodes R Scheuermann et al., Nucl. Inst. Meth. A 581 (2007) 443 Development of microwave resonance at ISIS JS Lord, to be published in Physica B HiFi – a new high-field muon spectrometer at ISIS Z Salman et al., to be published in Physica B ■Scintillating fibres for future µSR spectrometers T Shiroka et al., to be published in Physica B **Simulation of the upgraded ALC spectrometer** K Sedlak et al, to be published in Physica B A new detector system for the ALC spectrometer – first experience with G-APDs in µSR instrumentation A Stoykov et al, to be published in Physica B **GEANT4 as a simulation framework in μSR** T Shiroka et al, to be published in Physica B Fast timing detectors for the high field uSR spectrometers A Stoykov et al, to be published in Physica B + a wide variety of reports (see www.neutron-eu.net/jra8)

Conclusions

- Successful and productive Muon JRA in FP6
- IRA funding:

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enables development of new technologies for muon spectroscopy

muon

- fosters collaboration between ISIS and PSI, and with university partners
- improves facilities for users at ISIS and PSI
- A Muon JRA is proposed for FP7 with four work packages
 - Technologies for high field instruments
 - Developing muon experimental methods: pressure, RF/NMR techniques
 - Muon beamline control and modelling
- Further collaborative and developmental benefits would be expected from this JRA in FP7